

# Nazi Germany

## Andrew Marr's History of the World

We are going to watch a clip from a BBC One programme, *Andrew Marr's History of the World*, where we will take a look into the events that led to Hitler becoming leader of the Nazi party.

**Task:** as we watch, put the events in **correct order**.

	Like many other who were embittered by the war, a 29-year-old Hitler was looking for someone to blame.
	On the night of November 8 <sup>th</sup> 1923, Hitler hijacked a meeting in a Munich Beer Hall, but few people were interested. The next morning, he led a revolt which was ended with embarrassing speed. Two days later, he was arrested.
	Hitler claimed that the 'Jewish problem' would be solved by brute force, and that Germany would carve out a new empire in Eastern Europe.
	In the 1920s, people in Germany were subjected to unemployment and hyperinflation, and feared a communist revolution.
	In Mein Kampf, Hitler stated that capitalism and communism were equally dangerous, and that Jews were behind both, and people listened.
	The first global war ended in November 1918
	Although Hitler's beer hall revolution failed, Hitler used his trial as a platform to tell all of Germany his political messages. He was given a soft sentence by sympathetic judges, and received special treatment in prison.
	Hitler joined and took control of a small right-wing party, and soon Hitler stood out as a star speaker who would say the 'unsayable'.
	Eventually, the Nazi party did well in elections, and Hitler came into power legally. During the 1930s, no other party gained his level of support.
	Hitler dictated his memoirs to Rudolf Hess. Its initial title was 'Four and a Half Years of Struggle Against Lies, Stupidity and Cowardice'. This was shortened by his publishers to 'My Struggle' or 'Mein Kampf'.

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### Answers

2	Like many other who were embittered by the war, a 29-year-old Hitler was looking for someone to blame.
6	On the night of November 8 <sup>th</sup> 1923, Hitler hijacked a meeting in a Munich Beer Hall, but few people were interested. The next morning, he led a revolt which was ended with embarrassing speed. Two days later, he was arrested.
5	Hitler claimed that the 'Jewish problem' would be solved by physical force, and that Germany would carve out a new empire in Eastern Europe.
3	In the 1920s, people in Germany were subjected to unemployment and hyperinflation, and feared a communist revolution.
9	In Mein Kampf, Hitler stated that capitalism and communism were equally dangerous, and that Jews were behind both, and people listened.
1	The first global war ended in November 1918
7	Although Hitler's beer hall revolution failed, Hitler used his trial as a platform to tell all of Germany his political messages. He was given a soft sentence by sympathetic judges, and received special treatment in prison.
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